



STANDARD OF COMPETENCE FOR PROJECT MANAGER

THE LEGEND

K - knowledge 5 - skills

B - behaviours

sK - semantic knowledge pK - procedural knowledge

fK - factual knowledge

and typical project using methodologically correct terminology

Manages a simple

full range of terminology used in project management methodologies.

Uses and explains the

terminology used in the adopted project management methodology, including at least the terms: project, project products and results, triangle of constraints, inverted triangle of constraints, etc.

Uses and explains the full range of

Characterizes selected sK

project management methodologies

Selects a project management

methodology adequate to the

2 project management methodologies Similarities and differences Justifies the selection of the

Lists and characterizes at least

methodology used for the type

and scope of the project due to

the type of project, sector and

Manages a simple and typical project based on the selected project management methodology

type and scope of the project

Manages a simple

and typical project

organizational culture.

Characterizes the stages: project identification, project definition, project planning, project organization, project monito-

efficiently and methodologically correctly

Characterizes the consequences of omitting individual stages to

achieve the assumed project

Characterizes the stages of the

project implementation

ring, project evaluation. Lists and characterizes the consequences of skipping individual stages.

sK

pK

results.

In an educational institution, a learner, manager, team,

implements tools for identifying and de fining simple and typical projects

Prepares and

and define problems. Creates simple and common

fK

fK

identifying the project and its definition.

Prepares tools for identifying

tree design, FMEA logical matrix

and defining the problem

Characterizes typical tools for

company, employer

defining a project.

tools for identifying and

Characterizes the main project

stakeholders in the institution.

Characterizes the main

tools used to identify

pK

Designs simple and typical project planning tools

> Characterizes the methods of estimating project time

Characterizes the project goals,

results and project outputs.

critical path of the project.

Indicates differences and links

between project goals, results

Characterizes the SPP and the

Characterizes: project card,

and outputs.

path.

fK

Characterizes PDCA in planning

Characterizes selected project

planning tools

planning

PDCA Doming cycle in agile

project schedule, project critical

fK

fK

and coordinating agile projects

Characterizes IT tools for project

Indicates the features of effective IT tools for project

planning. Characterizes the

role of AI in project planning

project management

fK

Planning a project using

Formulates goals, products and results, prepares a project card and a schedule based on the

project planning tools

Coordinates

simple and

typical projects

SPP and the critical path.

pK

pK

an effective project team

Characterizes the composition of

Characterizes the principles of

effective communication

para language, active listening Characterizes roles in an effective project team

Team development stages 4 or

Characterizes building trust

Communication coherence,

verbal communication,

Professionalism, 4 seconds of

fK

the team achieve full productivity quickly

Characterizes activities that help

performance management, roles, norms, resources or something similar.

5 steps + Factors vision,

fK

Builds tools to coordinate the

teams working remotely or

work of task teams, self

organizing teams, and

distributed.

Characterizes the principles of

team self organization

holacratic ways of organization openness, interchangeability of roles, multitasking, accuracy, use of good practices, discipline, etc.

The tools built are useful in the

work of the team and facilitate

coordination.

Characterizes turquoise and

Builds his/her own authority and the good name of the represented institution.

Characterizes and applies managerial styles

project team

Manages the

work of the

Characterizes the key phenomena in group work that inhibit and support the work of the team.

Organizes the team's work in

such a way as to help the team

go through the various stages of

Characterizes ways to stimulate

team members to go through

the various s tages of team

development

Characterized by: e.g. facilitation, inhibition, laziness, dissonance, conformism and others

Characterizes the work of the

manager and team members

the dimple, the black hour of

the project.

as well as the individual roles at

each stage. Especially the storm,

team development. Organizes the work of the team in such a way as to eliminate

quickly moves the team to the full productivity phase Organizes group work to use /

mitigate key phenomena in

Solves problems related to the

emergence of phenomena and

roles disrupting teamwork.

group work

Allocates tasks in a way that

pK

phenomena that in hibit work and stimulate supporters.

> **Conducts assessment** (evaluation) of simple and typical projects that he/she

> > coordinates

pK

Creates project evaluation tools tailored to its scope and

Characterizes selected concepts

evaluation and the tools used

for conducting project

content.

for their implementation.

construction.

client

Independently creates evaluation tools for his /her own projects and justifies the accuracy of their selection and

tailored to its scope and content.

Creates project evaluation tools

Creates a report on the implementation of the project based on the analysis of the entire project, recommends

improvement actions.

Lists and characterizes at least

point of view of usability for the

two approaches to assessing

the effectiveness of projects,

including the one from the

